

**M. L. DAHANUKAR COLLEGE COMMERCE**

**EXTERNAL EXAMINATION –April 2023**

**F. Y. B.B.I SEMESTER - II**

**SUBJECT: ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR**

**Date:** 6<sup>th</sup> April, 2023

**Time:** 11:30 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

**Marks:75**

**Q1A) State whether True or False (Any 8 out of 10 )**

**8 marks**

1. Effective goal setting involves setting SMART goals.
2. There is no problem of work-life balance in organization.
3. Interpersonal conflict means conflict within oneself.
4. Organizational development creates learning individuals.
5. All conflicts are bad.
6. Self-actualization is all that it is possible for a person to become.
7. Visual intelligence is also called as artistic intelligence.
8. Role perception is a matter of interpretation.
9. OB is interdisciplinary in nature.
10. Organizational Development has a system orientation.

**Q1B) Match the columns (any 7 out of 10)**

**7 marks**

	Column A		Column B
1.	Intelligence Quotient	a.	No clear outcome
2.	Trauma	b.	Mc. Gregor
3.	Type A personality	c.	Abraham Maslow
4.	Emotional Quotient	d.	Not known to self but known to others
5.	Hierarch of Need Theory	e.	Relaxes without guilt
6.	Blind self	f.	Assessment of ability to think
7.	Type B personality	g.	Stressed
8.	Theory X and Y	h.	Daniel Goleman
9.	Confronting strategy	i.	Lay-off survivors sickness
10.	Compromising strategy	j.	Win – Win

Q2 A	Explain the Classical approach of motivation by Job Design.	8 Marks
Q2 B	Explain the types of organizational Rewards.	7 Marks
OR		
Q2 P	Explain the different forms of empowerment.	
Q2 Q	Provide a brief overview of the ERG theory of motivation.	8 Marks
		7 Marks
Q3 A	Elaborate on stages of team development.	
Q3 B	Explain the concept of leadership? What are the functions of a leader.	8 Marks
		7 Marks
OR		
Q3P	Explain what are goals and types of goals?	
Q3 Q	Explain in brief Johari Window.	8 Marks
		7 Marks
Q4 A	What is a stress? Explain the strategies to cope with stress..	
Q4 B	Enumerate on issues in managing time	8 Marks
		7 Marks
OR		
Q4P	Elaborate on consequences of conflict.	
Q4 Q	Explain ways to overcome resistance of change.	8 Marks
		7 Marks
Q5 A	Explain Structured focused approach of Organizational development.	8 Marks
Q5 B	What is Organizational Development? Explain features of Organizational development.	7 Marks
OR		
Q5	<b>Write Short Notes On ( any 3)</b>	<b>15 Marks</b>
1	Job Enrichment	
2	Multicultural Skills	
3	TQM	
4	Workers participating in Management	
5	Methods of transmitting culture	

Date : 5<sup>th</sup> April, 2023

Time : 2.1/2 hours

M.L.DAHANUKAR COLLEGE COMMERCE

EXTERNAL EXAMINATION –April 2023

F.Y.B.B.I SEMESTER - II

SUBJECT :Principles and Practices of Banking and Insurance

Marks:75

Q1A) Multiple Choice Questions (any 8 out of 10)

8 marks

1.	Medium term loan is obtained for the duration of _____ a) less than 1 year b) 1 - 3 years c) more than 3 years d) more than 5 years	
2.	The object of Regional Rural bank is to _____ a) manage interest rate b) promote economic interest of members c) control money supply d) manage and control foreign currency	
3.	_____ provides fund based as well as non fund based assistance in the foreign trade. a) DFHI b) SFC c) NHB d) EXIM Bank	
4.	In _____ account, there is no transaction limit. a) Savings b) Fixed c) Recurring d) Current	
5.	SPNS stands for _____ a) Special Payment Network System b) Shared Payment Network System c) Simplified Payment Network System d) Systematic Payment Network System	
6.	Permitted business under section 6 of Banking Regulation Act, 1949, is _____ a) borrowing money b) buying and selling goods c) dealing in immovable property d) commission agent of real estate properties	
7.	_____ is the activity of reducing risks by concentrated efforts of risk management. a) Prevention of Risks b) Reduction of Risks c) Transferring of Risks d) Acceptance of Risks	
8.	_____ is the transfer of any existing or future right, property or debt by the borrower to the bank for loan. a) Pledge b) Assignment c) Hypothecation d) Nomination	
9.	An applicant is eligible to be appointed as _____ if He/ She is ordinary resident in India. a) General Manager b) Risk Manager c) Managing Director d) Actuary	
10.	_____ shall apply only to general insurance i.e., fire, marine & theft and not life insurance. a) Insurable Interest b) Utmost Good Faith	

	c) Principle of Indemnity	d) Subrogation	
<b>Q1B)</b>	<b>State True or False (any 7 out of 10)</b>		<b>7 marks</b>
1.	RBI is also playing a role to regulate insurance sector.		
2.	Unit trust of India is first mutual fund started in India in 1964.		
3.	Obtaining credit card is easier than obtaining debit card.		
4.	ECS facilitates making of regular payments like telephone bill, receiving dividends, etc.		
5.	RMIS software tools are designed to assist risk manager.		
6.	A customer is a person who has an account with the bank.		
7.	The Self Help Group linkage programme has grown in India to help the poor people and make the people self-dependent.		
8.	Term deposits are also known as current deposits.		
9.	An account opened by a customer to make a deposit and withdrawal of small sums of money is known as savings account.		
10.	PIN means Personal Identification Number.		
<b>Q2 A</b>	<b>What are the features of Debit Card?</b>		<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q2 B</b>	<b>Distinguish between Public sector bank and Private sector bank.</b>		<b>7 Marks</b>
	<b>OR</b>		
<b>Q2 P</b>	<b>What are the precautions to be taken after receiving credit card?</b>		<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q2 Q</b>	<b>What are the objectives of ICICI?</b>		<b>7 Marks</b>
<b>Q3 A</b>	<b>What are the features of Current account?</b>		<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q3 B</b>	<b>What are the permissible business that may be undertaken by a banking company under Banking Regulation Act, 1949?</b>		<b>7 Marks</b>
	<b>OR</b>		
<b>Q3P</b>	<b>What are the privileges enjoyed by Current Account holder?</b>		<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q3 Q</b>	<b>What are the role and functions of RBI?</b>		<b>7 Marks</b>
<b>Q4 A</b>	<b>What are the importance of Risk management?</b>		<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q4 B</b>	<b>What is the purpose of Insurance?</b>		<b>7 Marks</b>
	<b>OR</b>		
<b>Q4P</b>	<b>What are the types of Business Risk?</b>		<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q4 Q</b>	<b>What are the advantages of Life Insurance?</b>		<b>7 Marks</b>
<b>Q5 A</b>	<b>Elaborate the procedure to take life insurance.</b>		<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q5 B</b>	<b>Enlist the aims of LIC.</b>		<b>7 Marks</b>
	<b>OR</b>		
<b>Q5</b>	<b>Write Short Notes On (any 3)</b>		<b>15 Marks</b>
1	Burglary insurance		
2	Mortgage		
3	Mutual Funds		
4	Resident Foreign Currency Account		
5	Cash Credit		

Date : 31<sup>st</sup> March , 2023

Time : 2.1/2 hours

M.L.DAHANUKAR COLLEGE COMMERCE EXTERNAL EXAMINATION –April 2023 F.Y.B.B.I SEMESTER - II SUBJECT : Quantitative Methods-2		Marks:75
<b>Q.1A)</b>	<b>Choose the correct alternative for the following : (any 8 out of 10)</b>	<b>8 marks</b>
1.	If we reject null hypothesis $H_0$ when $H_0$ is actually true , then we are making _____ error. a) No      b) Type I      c) Type II      d) fixed	
2.	If null hypothesis $H_0$ is $\mu \geq \mu_0$ , then the test is -----. a) Left tailed      b) Right tailed      c) Two tailed      d)No tailed	
3.	The region of all the points satisfying all the given constraints including the nonnegativity conditions in LPP is called as _____ region. a) Optimum      b) Feasible      c) Critical      d) Objective	
4.	The intersecting element of key row and key column in simplex method of LPP is known as ----- element. a) Basic      b) Surplus      c) Key      d) Slack	
5.	If A is a matrix of order $3 \times 2$ , then its determinant -----. a) Will be positive      b) will not exist      c) will be zero      d) will be one	
6.	A row matrix is of order -----. a) $1 \times n$ b) $n \times 1$ c) $1 \times 1$ d) $n \times n$	
7.	If $x : y = 2 : 3$ and $y : z = 4 : 3$ , then $x : y : z =$ -----. a) 7 : 11 : 10      b) 8 : 12 : 9      c) 8 : 11 : 9      d) 10 : 12 : 11	
8.	If the cost price of the article is Rs. 2,800. If it is sold at 15% profit , then its selling price is Rs. -----. a) 3200      b) 2300      c) 3280      d) 3220	
9.	Return is calculated as total gain divided by ----- price as a %. a) Selling      b) Purchase      c) Discounted      d) Return	
10.	Net National Product = -----. a) GDP – Depreciation      b) GNP – Depreciation      c) GDP + Factor income d) National income – Factor cost	
<b>Q.1B)</b>	<b>State whether the following statements are True or False: (any 7)</b>	<b>7 marks</b>
1.	Slack in Linear Programming Problem represents unutilised resources.	
2.	If $a/b = b/c$ , then the 3 quantities a, b and c are in continued proportion.	
3.	Roadways, railways, Schools, hospitals are all included in infrastructural facilities.	
4.	In Simplex method of LPP, when a constraint is of less than or equal to type ( $\leq$ ), we add surplus variables.	
5.	If diagonal elements of a matrix are all zero, then it is termed as Unit or Identity	

	matrix.																													
6.	The rate of profit obtained on the capital invested expressed as a percentage is known as return.																													
7.	If Beta( $\beta$ ) of a portfolio is $> 1$ , then the portfolio is less risky than the market.																													
8.	In left tailed test of Testing Of Hypothesis, if test statistic $t > 2.33$ , then we reject Null Hypothesis $H_0$ at 1% level of significance.																													
9.	Linear Programming Problem can have more than one optimum solution.																													
10.	The coincident indicators change almost simultaneously with the changes in economy.																													
<b>Q.2A)</b>	Solve the following Linear Programming Problem by Simplex Method: Maximize $Z = 4x_1 + 7x_2$ Subject to constraints, $x_1 + x_2 \leq 9$ , $3x_1 + 2x_2 \leq 23$ , $x_1 \geq 0$ , $x_2 \geq 0$	<b>10 Marks</b>																												
<b>Q.2B)</b>	The total risk of the market is 6.84 and the covariance between the returns of a share S and market M is 3.12. Find Beta( $\beta_s$ ) and separate the total risk of the share given as 2.12 into systematic and unsystematic risks.	<b>5 Marks</b>																												
	<b>OR</b>																													
<b>Q.2P)</b>	Solve the following Linear Programming Problem by graphical method: Minimize $Z = 12x_1 + 20x_2$ Subject to constraints, $x_1 + x_2 \geq 7$ , $5x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 20$ , $x_1 \geq 0$ , $x_2 \geq 0$	<b>7 Marks</b>																												
<b>Q.2Q)</b>	Solve the following equations by Matrix Inversion Method: $2x + 3y = 5$ , $6x - 2y = 4$	<b>8 Marks</b>																												
<b>Q.3A)</b>	Mr. Rajan wants to invest in company X or company Y. The returns on shares of X and Y are given below along with the probabilities. Calculate Expected returns and Total risk(Variance) for the both the companies. And comment on which share the investment should be done.	<b>10 Marks</b>																												
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Company X</th> <th colspan="2">Company Y</th> </tr> <tr> <th>Returns%</th> <th>Probability</th> <th>Returns%</th> <th>Probability</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>12</td> <td>0.10</td> <td>8</td> <td>0.1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>12</td> <td>0.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16</td> <td>0.30</td> <td>16</td> <td>0.4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>18</td> <td>0.25</td> <td>20</td> <td>0.2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20</td> <td>0.10</td> <td>24</td> <td>0.1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Company X		Company Y		Returns%	Probability	Returns%	Probability	12	0.10	8	0.1	14	0.25	12	0.2	16	0.30	16	0.4	18	0.25	20	0.2	20	0.10	24	0.1	
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<b>Q.3B)</b>	If A, B and C invested Rs. 10,000, Rs. 20,000 and Rs. 30,000 respectively in a business. At the end of the year, B received Rs. 3,000 as his share in the profit. Hence find the total profit and C's share in the profit.	<b>5 Marks</b>																												

OR		
<b>Q.3P)</b>	Find inverse of the following matrix by using elementary transformations:  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ -1 & 3 & 0 \\ -0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q.3Q)</b>	In a sample of 400 balls from a large consignment , 48 were defective . Do we have reason to doubt that the percentage of defective balls in the consignment is 10% ? Test at 5% level of significance.	<b>7 Marks</b>
<b>Q.4A)</b>	By selling an article at Rs. 3,000 earned 20% profit. What would have been the percentage profit or loss , if he had sold the article at Rs. 2,750?	<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q.4 B)</b>	A medical journal claimed that the average weight of a male in Mumbai is 52.3 kg. A student checked the weight of sample of 36 persons randomly to find that the average weight was 50.1 kgs with a standard deviation 1.8 kg. Test the journal's claim at 1% level of significance.	<b>7 Marks</b>
OR		
<b>Q.4 P)</b>	Vitamins A and B are found in foods $F_1$ and $F_2$ . One unit of food $F_1$ contains 3 units of vitamin A and 4 units of vitamin B. One unit of food $F_2$ contains 6 units of vitamin A and 3 units of vitamin B . One unit of food $F_1$ and $F_2$ cost Rs.4 and Rs.5 respectively. The minimum daily requirement for a person of vitamins A and B is 80 and 100 units respectively. Formulate the Linear Programming Problem to calculate the optimum mixture of foods $F_1$ and $F_2$ at minimum cost. ( ONLY FORMULATION)	<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q.4Q)</b>	30 men working 8 hours a day earn Rs. 6,400 in 20 days. How much 45 men will earn in 24 days if they work 10 hours a day? The men are paid on the basis of number of hours put in.	<b>7 Marks</b>
<b>Q5 A)</b>	Explain Type I and Type II error in Testing of Hypothesis.	<b>8 Marks</b>
<b>Q5 B)</b>	Explain different external economic indicators.	<b>7 Marks</b>
OR		
<b>Q5</b>	Write Short Notes On ( any 3)	<b>15 Marks</b>
1	Types of matrices	
2	Methods of calculating GDP	
3	Infeasibility and multiple optimum solution in Linear Programming Problem	
4	Null and Alternate Hypothesis	
5	Ratio and Proportion	

PTVA's ML DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

Academic Year: 2022-23

Semester End Examination

Class: FYBMS/FYBAF/FYBBI/FYBFM Semester: II

Subject: BUSINESS COMMUNICATION II

Total: 75 marks

Date: 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2023

Time: 11.30 AM to 2.00 PM

**Q 1.A Answer to multiple choice questions (any 8 out of 10) 8 marks**

1. A \_\_\_\_\_ is powerful means of communication within an organisation.  
a) Television b) Film c) House organ d) Opinion poll
2. A \_\_\_\_\_ is decision making body.  
a) Conference b) Seminar c) Symposium d) Committee
3. Catalogues, price lists and other literature may be sent by seller in response to letter of \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Inquiry b) Order c) Complaint d) Collection
4. The state commission deals with complaints up to the value of rupees \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Twenty thousand b) Twenty Lakh c) Five thousand d) Five lakhs
5. Reports in the form of personal letter and submitted without observance of any formality are \_\_\_\_\_ reports.  
a) Formal b) Informal c) Informative d) Interpretative
6. Right to information act was passed in year \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) 2003 b) 2004 c) 2005 d) 2006
7. We should \_\_\_\_\_ examples used in the passage given for summarisation.  
a) Skip b) include c) elaborate d) add
8. In AIDA formula A stands for \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Attraction b) Abstract c) Addition d) Attention
9. Suggestion schemes are \_\_\_\_\_ communication.  
a) Upward b) Downward c) Grape wine d) Horizontal
10. To Confer means to \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Collect b) Converse c) Convert d) Condemn

**Q 1.B Answer True or False (any 7 out of 10) 7 marks**

1. Comments, opinions and views of the author should always be included in summary.
2. Report should be reader oriented.
3. Information affecting competitive position of third party should be revealed under RTI
4. An oral complaint can be lodged with consumer guidance cell.
5. Selling is the index of success in business.
6. The complaint should be thanked.
7. In PR government bodies are part of Publics.
8. Agenda is kept secret till the meeting begins.
9. In interview questioning is more important than listening.
10. When a video conference is held for informal purposes is called as video call or video chat.



- Q 2 A) Explain roll of interviewer in process of interview. **8 marks**  
B) Which are the types of meetings? How they differ from each other? **7 marks**

OR

- Q 2 C) Explain different types of conferences. **8 marks**  
D) What are the major functions of public relations? **7 marks**

- Q 3 A) Sterling Book Depot, Mumbai wants to place an order for printing ten thousand copies of the catalogue of their latest publications with Techno Publishers based in Pune. They also enclose a catalogue of the previous year and request a similar type of catalogue to be released in June 2023. Draft the inquiry letter on behalf of Sterling Book Depot in Modified Block Form. **8 marks**

- B) Continental Traders Ltd., seek goods worth Rs.10 lacs on credit from you. This is the first time they have approached you. They have given Cosmos Bank Ltd as reference. Write the letter to your banker seeking credit status inquiry. The letter should be in semi block form. **7 marks**

OR

- Q 3 C) Based on the advice received from your bankers, you do not wish to grant credit to Messrs. Taraporewala & Sons. You are required to express your inability to undertake their request for material worth Rs.15 lacs on credit for a period of 3 months. Draft the letter in Full Block form. **8 marks**

- D) Heerson Stores had ordered 50 kgs of dry fruits from a supplier in Goa. The consignment delivered was infested with worms. On behalf of Heerson Stores, write a letter to the supplier in Modified Block Form. **7 marks**

- Q 4 A) Write a Sales Letter to promote the sales of an advanced air purifier. The letter should be written in Modified Block Form. **8 marks**

- B) Your grandfather has not been receiving his pension from Shipping Corporation of India. In spite of regular reminders no action has been taken. Use the RTI Act to write to the pension office and question about the non-receipt of pension to which your grandfather is entitled. **7 marks**

OR

- Q 4 C) Draft an investigative report to the Director, Head Office, Bata Shoes Ltd., reporting about the outbreak of fire and the resultant inability to manufacture at the Company's manufacturing plant at Valsad, Gujarat and the estimated time frame when Production can commence. **8 marks**

- D) Draft the notice and agenda for the Annual General Meeting of Bala Sons Ltd. **7 marks**

- Q 5. A Prepare an individual report with recommendations on the declining sales of Annie Cosmetics in the Noida market. **8 marks**

**Q 5. B Summarize the following passage.**

**7 marks**

The tiger is a protected animal. Poachers can be jailed or fined if caught. However, the tiger trade is so profitable that the animal continues to be in danger.

The story of a tiger cub called Nicky caught public attention. Nicky was saved from the cooking pot by an animal lover. The Malaysian Trade Commissioner to Papua New Guinea learned that a tiger cub had been sold to a restaurant in Kuala Lumpur. He paid more than RM10,000 for the cub and gave it to the Malacca Zoo to keep. Mysteriously, the cub disappeared from the animal clinic where it was being kept for examination. For two days the public worried. Many people feared that the animal had been stolen. To the relief of the zoo staff and the concerned public, Nicky was found safe. She was playing near the tiger enclosure. Luckily, it had rained so at least there were puddles of water for her to drink. She was hungry but appeared none the worse for her adventure. Nicky could have wandered out when some employee carelessly left her enclosure unlocked. The other possibility was that someone had tried to steal her. When that person realized that the tiger is a protected species, Nicky was returned to the zoo.

Human beings are strange. The desire for exotic foods appears to be universal. People eat bears' paws, camel humps, duck embryos, ostrich and even crocodiles. The list appears endless. Nobody really seems to have strong objections. As a result, some animals look to be in grave danger of disappearing from the face of the earth.

OR

**Q 5. C Write Short Notes On ( any 3)**

**15 marks**

1. Reprimand Interview
2. Disadvantages of meetings
3. Virtual Conference
4. Press Release
5. Teleconferencing

Date : 10<sup>TH</sup> April , 23

Time : 2.1/2 hours

M.L.DAHANUKAR COLLEGE COMMERCE

Marks:75

EXTERNAL EXAMINATION –April 2023

F.Y.B.B.I SEMESTER - II

SUBJECT : BUSINESS LAW

Q1A) Match the coloums (any 8 out of 10)

8 marks

- |                         |                                |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Writ of Mandamus     | A Small cause court            |
| 2. Preamble             | B Something in return          |
| 3. Criminal Court       | C Sec. 6                       |
| 4. Civil Court          | D Incomplete instrument        |
| 5. Consideration        | E Literally means Command      |
| 6. Proposal             | F Sessions court               |
| 7. Cheque               | G Ownership of goods           |
| 8. Right of Subrogation | H Sec. 2(a)                    |
| 9. Property in SOG Act  | I Introduction of Constitution |
| 10. Inchoate instrument | J Right of Surety              |

Q1B) State whether True or False (any 7 out of 10)

7 marks

1. Sovereign means free from any type of external control.
2. Right to hold property is a fundamental right in the Constitution of India.
3. Fraud is Void Contract.
4. Undue influence is moral pressure.
5. Warranty is stipulation collateral to main purpose of contract.
6. Rescission means cancellation of the contract.
7. Lien is right to retain goods.
8. Penalty for dishonour of cheque in case of insufficient funds is upto 3 years of imprisonment or with fine upto thrice the amount of cheque or both.
9. Reserve price is the price above which the goods will not be sold.
10. Information Technology Act is not applicable to Power of Attorney.

- Q2 A What is Law? What are the different sources of law? 8 Marks
- Q2 B Explain Indian Legal System. 7 Marks

OR

- Q2 P What is Writ? Explain Writ of Habeas corpus. 8 Marks
- Q2 Q Discuss important features of Constitution. 7 Marks

- Q3 A Define Contract. What are the characteristics of Contract. 8 Marks
- Q3 B Define Acceptance. What are the rules of Acceptance? 7 Marks

OR

- Q3P Define Indemnity. What are the characteristics of Indemnity. 8 Marks
- Q3 Q What is Bailment? What are the Essential of Bailment? 7 Marks

- Q4 A Define Contract of Sale of Goods. Also explain essentials of this contract. 8 Marks

- Q4 B Define Goods under Sale of Goods Act. What are the different types of goods 7 Marks

OR

- Q4P Define Promissory Note and what are its essentials? 8 Marks
- Q4 Q What are the classifications of Negotiable instrument? 7 Marks

- Q5 A What is meaning of importance of Information communication and Technology in business. 8 Marks

- Q5 B What do you mean by Electronic Contracts. 7 Marks

OR

- Q5 Write Short Notes On ( any 3) 15 Marks

1 Fundamental rights

2 Condition

3 Agency

4 Cheque

5 Coercion

Date : 8<sup>th</sup> April, 2023

Time : 2 ½ hours

M.L.DAHANUKAR COLLEGE COMMERCE  
EXTERNAL EXAMINATION –April 2023  
F.Y.B.B.I SEMESTER - II  
SUBJECT : FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING – II

Marks:75

Q1A) Choose the Correct Alternative : (any 8 out of 10)		8 marks
1.	_____ method of valuation of shares considers the realizable value of assets and liabilities. a) Super Normal Profit b) Intrinsic value c) Dividend Yield d) Fair value	
2.	The company before buy back has to submit a declaration of _____. a) Liquidity b) insolvency c) solvency d) competency	
3.	The premium payable on redemption of preference shares can be provided out of _____. a) Statutory Reserve b) Capital Redemption Reserve c) Profit and Loss A/c d) Insurance Premium	
4.	Profit on forfeiture of redeemable preference shares is credited to _____. a) Capital Reserve A/c b) Profit & Loss A/c c) Capital Redemption Reserve A/c d) General Reserve A/c	
5.	Equity shareholders are _____. a) Customers of the Company b) Owners of the Company c) Creditors of the Company d) Employees of the company	
6.	When a company is liquidated, the debenture holders have a prior right for _____. a) principal amount b) interest c) dividend d) both i.e. principal and interest amount	
7.	Capital Reserve is _____. a) Current year's profit b) Normal profit c) Capital profit d) Divisible profit	
8.	_____ have a right to receive the arrears of dividend from future profits . a) Redeemable Preference Shareholders b) Participating Preference Shareholders c) Cumulative Preference Shareholders d) Non-Cumulative Preference Shareholders	
9.	Debentures carries interest at _____. a) 10% p.a. b) 12% p.a. c) 20% p.a. d) Fixed Rate	
10.	Goodwill in case of joint stock company is shown on the asset side of the balance sheet under the head _____. a) Fixed Assets b) Investments c) Current Assets d) Other Assets	
Q1B) State whether following statements are True or False : (any 7 out of 10)		7 marks
1.	The debentures can be redeemed at a discount.	
2.	Capital Redemption Reserve can be used for issue of bonus shares.	
3.	Buy back must be as per RBI guidelines.	
4.	Goodwill may be purchased or non-purchased.	
5.	Profit on sale of investments increases free reserve.	
6.	Yield-value depends on Net Profit.	
7.	The amount of capital used in the business is called as capital employed.	
8.	The debentures can be redeemed whenever company desires.	
9.	Company can not redeem its preference shares.	

10. Debentures can be redeemed by payments in annual instalments.

Q2 A Ascertain the value of Goodwill of A Ltd. on the basis of following information : 15 Marks

**Balance sheet as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018**

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
25,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	2,50,000	Goodwill	25,000
Profit & Loss A/c	50,000	Land & Building	5,00,000
10% Debentures	1,00,000	Plant & Machinery	1,00,000
Sundry Creditors	4,00,000	Stock	1,00,000
Provision for tax	10,000	Debtors	50,000
	-	Trade Investments	25,000
		Preliminary Expenses	10,000
	<u>8,10,000</u>		<u>8,10,000</u>

**Additional Information :**

1. The Profits earned before tax were as follows :

Year	Rs.
2013-14	62,000
2014-15	64,000
2015-16	71,000
2016-17	78,000
2017-18	85,000

2. Income tax @ 30%.

3. Normal rate of return may be assumed as 12.5%.

Goodwill is to be calculated with reference to Capitalisation of Maintainable Profit Method. Use Simple Average.

**OR**

Q2 P The following particulars of Amber Ltd. as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2012 are available: 15 Marks

Particulars	Rs.
1. 1,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.100 each fully paid	1,00,00,000
2. 10,000 12% Preference shares of Rs.100 each fully paid	10,00,000
3. Securities Premium	11,50,000
4. Profit and Loss Account	33,58,000
5. General Reserve	18,85,000
6. <u>Current liabilities</u>	
Creditors	Rs. 31,20,000
Bills Payable	Rs. 10,60,000
	<u>41,80,000</u>
7. Average Profit after Tax (for last three years)	5,85,000
8. Fictitious Assets	80,000

9. 20% of profit after tax is transferred to General Reserve every year

10. Normal Rate of Return is 10%.

Considering the above information, compute the value of equity share by:

1. Assets Backing method

2. Yield method

3. Fair value method (ignore goodwill)

Q3 A	FAST Ltd. has furnished the following information:		15 Marks																																			
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="319 261 1047 300">Particulars</th> <th data-bbox="1052 261 1282 300">Rs.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 307 1047 338">Capital Reserve</td> <td data-bbox="1052 307 1282 338">1,00,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 345 1047 376">Paid Up Capital</td> <td data-bbox="1052 345 1282 376">50,00,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 382 1047 413">Capital Redemption Reserve</td> <td data-bbox="1052 382 1282 413">1,60,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 420 1047 451">Securities Premium</td> <td data-bbox="1052 420 1282 451">1,10,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 457 1047 488">General Reserve</td> <td data-bbox="1052 457 1282 488">7,00,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 495 1047 526">Profit and Loss Account</td> <td data-bbox="1052 495 1282 526">6,00,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 533 1047 564">Dividend Equalization Reserve</td> <td data-bbox="1052 533 1282 564">50,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 570 1047 601">No. of Shares decided to buyback</td> <td data-bbox="1052 570 1282 601">1,00,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 608 1047 639">Face Value per share Rs.10</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="319 645 1047 676">Price Settled Rs.10 each at 20% premium</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Particulars		Rs.	Capital Reserve	1,00,000	Paid Up Capital	50,00,000	Capital Redemption Reserve	1,60,000	Securities Premium	1,10,000	General Reserve	7,00,000	Profit and Loss Account	6,00,000	Dividend Equalization Reserve	50,000	No. of Shares decided to buyback	1,00,000	Face Value per share Rs.10		Price Settled Rs.10 each at 20% premium		You are required to check whether legal requirement are fulfilled and pass the necessary journal entries.													
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<b>OR</b>																																						
Q3P	Redemption Ltd. had issued 6,00,000 10% Preference shares of Rs. 10 each, Rs. 8 paid up. In order to redeem these shares, the company issued for cash 4,00,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each at a premium of Rs. 2 per share. The preference shares were redeemed out of this issue, the balance being met out of the General Reserve which stood at Rs. 30,00,000. The company then declared a bonus issue of 2,00,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 to the existing shareholders out of reserve created on redemption. You are required to pass the necessary Journal Entries giving effect to the above transactions.		15 Marks																																			
Q4 A	<b>Balance sheet of Modern Marble Ltd. as on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2018</b>		15 Marks																																			
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th data-bbox="236 1190 613 1221">Liabilities</th> <th data-bbox="617 1190 816 1221">Rs.</th> <th data-bbox="821 1190 1016 1221">Assets</th> <th data-bbox="1020 1190 1282 1221">Rs.</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td data-bbox="236 1227 613 1300">Equity share Capital (Rs. 10)</td> <td data-bbox="617 1227 816 1300">50,00,000</td> <td data-bbox="821 1227 1016 1258">Fixed Assets</td> <td data-bbox="1020 1227 1282 1258">66,00,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="236 1307 613 1338">General Reserve</td> <td data-bbox="617 1307 816 1338">6,50,000</td> <td data-bbox="821 1265 1016 1296">Investments</td> <td data-bbox="1020 1265 1282 1296">8,00,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="236 1344 613 1375">Securities Premium</td> <td data-bbox="617 1344 816 1375">5,40,000</td> <td data-bbox="821 1302 1016 1333">Stock</td> <td data-bbox="1020 1302 1282 1333">11,87,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="236 1382 613 1413">Profit &amp; Loss A/c</td> <td data-bbox="617 1382 816 1413">3,75,000</td> <td data-bbox="821 1340 1016 1371">Debtors</td> <td data-bbox="1020 1340 1282 1371">14,60,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="236 1420 613 1451">Revaluation Reserve</td> <td data-bbox="617 1420 816 1451">25,00,000</td> <td data-bbox="821 1378 1016 1409">Cash</td> <td data-bbox="1020 1378 1282 1409">12,10,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="236 1457 613 1488">Term Loan</td> <td data-bbox="617 1457 816 1488">13,25,000</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="236 1495 613 1526">Current Liabilities</td> <td data-bbox="617 1495 816 1526">8,67,000</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td data-bbox="617 1532 816 1563"><u>1,12,57,000</u></td> <td></td> <td data-bbox="1020 1532 1282 1563"><u>1,12,57,000</u></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Liabilities		Rs.	Assets	Rs.	Equity share Capital (Rs. 10)	50,00,000	Fixed Assets	66,00,000	General Reserve	6,50,000	Investments	8,00,000	Securities Premium	5,40,000	Stock	11,87,000	Profit & Loss A/c	3,75,000	Debtors	14,60,000	Revaluation Reserve	25,00,000	Cash	12,10,000	Term Loan	13,25,000			Current Liabilities	8,67,000				<u>1,12,57,000</u>		<u>1,12,57,000</u>
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Q4P	Vishnu Ltd. issued 2,000 , 10% Debentures of Rs. 100 each on 1-4-2022. Debentures are to be redeemed on 31-3-2023 at premium of 10%. You are required to pass journal entries.		15 Marks																																			

Q5 A	Briefly explain the limits for buyback of own shares.	8 Marks
Q5 B	What are the types of Preference shares ?	7 Marks
<b>OR</b>		
Q5	<b>Write Short Notes On ( any 3)</b>	15 Marks
1	Capital Employed	
2	Net Asset Method	
3	Reserves	
4	Goodwill	
5	Equity Shares	



PTVA's ML DAHANUKAR COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

Academic Year: 2022-23

Semester End Examination

Class: FYBMS/FYBAF/FYBBI/FYBFM

Semester: II

Subject: Foundation Course II

Total: 75 marks

Date: 3<sup>rd</sup> April, 2023

Time: 11.30 AM to 2.00 PM

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**Q 1.A. Multiple Choice Questions (any 8 out of 10) 8 marks**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ means integrating the national economy with the world economy.  
(a) Privatization (b) Liberalization (c) Globalization (d) Disinvestment.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ refers to coerced movement of people away from their home.  
(a) Local migration (b) Regional migration (c) Forced migration (d) Mass migration.
3. Human rights came into existence in a more specified and well defined manner with the signing of \_\_\_\_\_ in 1215.  
(a) Theory of Natural Law (b) UDHR (c) Magna Carta (d) The Natural Rights Theory.
4. The UDHR consists of a preamble and \_\_\_\_\_ articles highlighting human rights and freedoms entitled to everyone in the world.  
(a) 15 (b) 20 (c) 10 (d) 30.
5. An ecosystem is an \_\_\_\_\_ environment consisting of all the living and non-living organisms in a particular area.  
(a) Geographical (b) Sociological (c) Political (d) Biological.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ development focuses on improving the quality of human life without increasing the use of natural resources.  
(a) Environment (b) Sustainable (c) Human (d) Ecological.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ is a situation in which two or more parties feel themselves in opposition.  
(a) Stress (b) Conflict (c) Frustration (d) Anger.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ implies a pre conceived & unreasonable judgement usually an unfavourable one arising out of fear, hatred or suspicion.  
(a) Values (b) Behaviour (c) Ethics (d) Prejudice.
9. Maslow identified \_\_\_\_\_ set of needs.  
(a) Two (b) Three (c) Four (d) Five.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ can be defined as the most basic means of setting out differences.  
(a) Negotiation (b) Mediation (c) Conflict (d) Aggression.

**Q 1.B. True or False (any 7 out of 10) 7 marks**

1. The process of moving for a period of time in response to labour or climatic conditions is called as seasonal migration.
2. In India, the concept of privatisation gained importance in the post reform period since 1991.
3. The UDHR consists of 28 articles.
4. Magna Carta was signed in the year 1215
5. Urbanization is the only cause of environmental degradation.

6. Abiotic components are non-living compound & Physical elements in the environment.
7. Eustress is also known as Negative stress.
8. Communalism often results into violence.
9. Meditation is an effective method of relieving stress
10. According to Maslow, security needs must be satisfied after the need of self-actualisation.

Q 2 a) Briefly enumerate the positive impacts of globalization. 8 marks

b) What is migration? What are the different types of migration? 7 marks

OR

Q 2 c) What is Corporate Farming? What are the arguments for and against Corporate Farming? 8 marks

d) Briefly discuss, 'Growth of Information Technology and Communication'. 7 marks

Q 3 a) What are the characteristics of Human Rights? Briefly explain. 8 marks

b) Briefly discuss the UDHR (Universal Declaration of Human Rights) 7 marks

OR

Q 3 c) Briefly explain the significance and characteristics of Fundamental Rights. 8 marks

d) Briefly enumerate the Right to Equality as enumerated in the Constitution of India. 7 marks

Q 4 a) What are the various components of the environment? Briefly explain. 8 marks

b) Briefly explain the various forms of Environmental Degradation. 7 marks

OR

Q 4 c) What are the various causes of stress? Briefly explain. 8 marks

d) What are the different ways to cope with stress? Briefly enumerate. 7 marks

Q 5.A. Briefly explain the significance of values in Individual Development. 8 marks

Q 5.B. Explain Abraham Maslow's Theory of Self-Actualisation. 7 marks

OR

Q 5.C. Short Notes (any 3 out of 5) 15 marks

1. Reasons for Farmer Suicides in India.
2. Magna Carta.
3. Importance of Environmental Studies.
4. Stereotypes and Prejudice.
5. Types of Conflict.